

MASOUMEH EBTEKAR

EXAMINING SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITIES AND FAMILY CORRUPTION UP CLOSE

UNVEILING
UNTOLD
REALITIES

CORRUPTION ALLEGATIONS

From hostage-taking
to advocacy for
women's rights



Masoumeh Ebtekar

November 2022

I. Findings

1. Identity

FULL NAME: Masoumeh “Niloufar” Ebtekar¹

DOB: 21 September 1960

CITY OF BIRTH: Tehran

COUNTRY OF BIRTH: Iran

OFFICIAL POSITIONS: See Appendix A

FAMILY MEMBERS: See Appendix B

SUMMARY

Masoumeh Ebtekar was born in Tehran, Iran on 21 September 1960 to her father, Taghi Ebtekar, and her mother, Fatemeh Barzegar.² Beginning in 1963, her family spent six years living between Massachusetts and Philadelphia suburbs while her father completed his master’s degree.³ In 1969, her family returned to Tehran where Ebtekar attended Tehran International School.⁴ Following her return to Tehran, Ebtekar married Mohammad Hashemi in 1978.⁵ Ebtekar was well known as a spokesperson for the Muslim Student Followers of the Imam’s Line, a radical group that participated in the Iranian Hostage Crisis of 1979.⁶ During this time period, Ebtekar earned her title as “Sister Mary” (also known as Tehran Mary or Screaming Mary).⁷ In 2000, Ebtekar released a book she wrote titled *Takeover in Tehran: The Inside Story of the 1979 US Embassy Capture*. In this, she attempts to provide her perspective

¹ <https://biographymask.com/masoumeh-ebtekar/>

² https://dbpedia.org/page/Masoumeh_Ebtekar

³ <https://iranwire.com/en/special-features/61582>

⁴ <https://thewomenleaders.com/masoumeh-ebtekar/>

⁵ <https://www.celebsagewiki.com/masoumeh-ebtekar>

⁶ Ibid

⁷ Ibid

of misrepresentation by the Western media of the goals of the Iranian students and populist revolution regarding the 1979 Hostage Crisis.⁸

In 1981, following her studies, Ebtekar served as editor-in-chief of *Kayhan International Newspaper* until 1983.⁹ During her time as editor-in-chief, Ebtekar gave birth to her first son, Eissa (Isa) Hashemi in June 1980.¹⁰ In 1991 she co-founded the Institute for Women's Studies and Research and has since been a license holder and managing director of the Farzaneh Journal for Women's Studies and Research.¹¹ Ebtekar received her B.S. in laboratory sciences from Shahid Beheshti University in 1986 and her M.S. in immunology from Tarbiat Modares University in 1989.¹² Beginning in 1990 to the present day, Ebtekar maintained a professorship at Tarbiat Modares University in the Immunology Department.¹³ In 1996, Ebtekar received her PhD in immunology from Tarbiat Modares University.¹⁴ (In 2016, Ebtekar was awarded an Honorary PhD in political science by the Hankuk University of Foreign Studies in Seoul, ROK).¹⁵ Following completion of her PhD, Ebtekar was appointed Minister for the Department of Environment where she served from 1997 to 2005.¹⁶ In 2007, she was elected as a member of the Tehran City Council; a position she held until 2013.¹⁷ From 2017 to 2021, she held the position of Vice President of Iran for Women and Family Affairs.¹⁸

Although Ebtekar is best known for being the first female Vice President of the Islamic Republic, she originally came to the attention of the public during the Iranian Hostage Crisis. During her involvement in the Hostage Crisis, Ebtekar was chosen as the spokesperson of the students due to her near-fluent English. As a result, she received the nickname "Sister Mary." Activists frequently voice their opinion on the fact that Ebtekar's son, Eissa Hashemi, and his wife and child are currently living in the US after she played a large role in the Hostage Crisis.

⁸ https://books.google.com/books/about/Takeover_in_Tehran.html?id=C7caQAAIAAJ

⁹ <https://iranprimer.usip.org/blog/2013/mar/06/iran's-message-now-english-too>

¹⁰ <https://www.rferl.org/a/son-of-iranian-hostage-takers-schooled-by-great-satan/27300298.html>

¹¹ <https://thewomenleaders.com/masoumeh-ebtekar/>

¹² Ibid

¹³ <https://www.modares.ac.ir/~ebtekarm>

¹⁴ <https://www.modares.ac.ir/~ebtekarm>

¹⁵ <https://themuslim500.com/profiles/masoumeh-ebtekar/>

¹⁶ Ibid

¹⁷ Ibid

¹⁸ https://www.dailymail.co.uk/news/breaking_news/article-8051765/Irans-vice-president-spokeswoman-1979-hostage-takers-infected-coronavirus.html

With a very active social media presence on Twitter specifically, Ebtekar utilizes this platform to express her position on women’s and children’s affairs. In the past, Ebtekar has used Twitter to voice her opinion on matters in which her sons have been involved. Regarding Ebtekar in recent news, *Iran International Newsroom* released an article on 5 November 2021 titled “What Became of Those Who Seized the US Embassy in Tehran”.¹⁹ This article noted that Ebtekar is married to another former hostage taker and claims that recent legal action was taken against Ebtekar for failure to protect the environment while serving as Head of the Department of Environment.²⁰ On 4 January 2021, Ebtekar was quoted in an article entitled “Iran government approves bill to combat violence against women” from Al Jazeera news agency as she spoke on supporting legal efforts to benefit women and children.²¹

Ebtekar’s main sphere of influence is through an elite group of individuals within Iran. Many of these individuals were fellow hostage-takers. Politically, she is affiliated with “the Reformers” and most closely aligned with the administration of President Khatami, although she was appointed Vice President for Women and Family Affairs under President Rohani—both considered Reformers. Because of her unique place in the history of the Islamic revolution, Ebtekar enjoys immunity from prosecution. Also, given her husbands close business connections with high ranking members of the IRGC and the regime, any prosecution in-country is unlikely.

Despite operating charities and ostensibly advocating for women’s rights, Ebtekar has generally opposed human rights initiatives in Iran. In 2019, she went so far as to defend the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps’ (IRGC’s) murder of Iranian citizens.²² Recently, Ebtekar has been criticized in the international media for failing to address abuses against women.²³ This drastically reduced her credibility as a humanitarian.

2. Suspected Kleptocratic Connections and Activities

¹⁹ <https://www.iranintl.com/en/20211105051120>

²⁰ Ibid.

²¹ <https://www.aljazeera.com/news/2021/1/4/irans-government-passes-bill-to-combat-violence-against-women>

²² https://www.khabaronline-ir.translate.google.com/news/1449830/%D9%85%D8%B9%D8%B5%D9%88%D9%85%D9%87-%D8%A7%D8%A8%D8%AA%DA%A9%D8%A7%D8%B1-%D9%81%D8%B1%D9%85%D8%A7%D9%86%D8%AF%D8%A7%D8%B1-%D8%B4%D9%87%D8%B1-%D9%82%D8%AF%D8%B3-%D8%AF%D8%B1-%D8%A2%D8%A8%D8%A7%D9%86-%DB%B9%DB%B8-%D8%AD%D9%82-%D8%AF%D8%A7%D8%B4%D8%AA-%D8%AF%D8%B3%D8%AA%D9%88%D8%B1-%D8%B4%D9%84%DB%8C%DA%A9?_x_tr_sl=auto&_x_tr_tl=en&_x_tr_hl=en-US

²³ <https://english.alarabiya.net/in-translation/2021/03/08/Women-s-Rights-in-Iran-overshadowed-by-the-Iranian-nuclear-deal>

Ebtekar's suspected kleptocratic connections and activities directly involve her nuclear family and her parents. Below are the multiple instances of corruption, which can be identified and connected to Ebtekar and her kleptocratic networks. Following the nature of corruption, many of these instances overlap and correlate with each other.

SEYED MOHAMMAD HASHEMI (HUSBAND)

To contextually understand Ebtekar's corruption, it is vital to know Ebtekar's husband, Seyed Mohammad Hashemi, and what role he plays. Hashemi was an Iranian intelligence officer from 1980-1981²⁴ and went on to become the head of Foreign Intelligence at the Ministry of Information.²⁵ He now claims to be a businessman with multiple instances of involvement in export and import industries such as crude oil, gas, and wood.²⁶ On 17 January 2016, US sanctions were placed on Hashemi due to his involvement with the Ministry of Defense for Armed Forces Logistics (MODAFL).²⁷ It is suspected that Hashemi's business interests include components of aerospace technology potentially including valves, electronics, and measuring equipment suitable for use in liquid-fueled ballistic missiles. Hashemi may also have an interest in a defense contractor called Tosan Group but that has not been clearly established. Several years prior to the sanctions, missile technicians from MODAFL and Shahid Hemmat Industrial Group (SHIG), a subsidiary of Iran's Aerospace Industries Organization (AIO), traveled to North Korea to assist in the development of 80-ton rocket boosters for the government.²⁸

In the late 1980s, Hashemi received a government project worth 5 billion toman (about 2.3 billion USD) to research oil exploration in the Persian Gulf despite lacking expertise or experience in the oil industry.²⁹ Hashemi rented a five-story building in Tehran for this project but only utilized one unit as an office with a secretary, security guard, accountant, and his youngest son, Seyed Taha Hashemi.³⁰ It is further alleged that no actual work was done, but

²⁴ https://www.wikiwand.com/en/Mohammad_Hashemi

²⁵ <https://iranianuk.com/20150919201739048/%D8%A7%D8%A8%D8%AA%DA%A9%D8%A7%D8%B1-%D8%AF%D8%B4%D9%85%D9%86-%D8%AF%DB%8C%D8%B1%D9%88%D8%B2-%D8%A2%D9%85%D8%B1%DB%8C%DA%A9%D8%A7-%D9%87%D9%85%D8%B3%D8%B1-%D8%AF%D9%84%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B4-%D9%88-%D9%BE%D8%B3%D8%B1%DB%8C-%D8%B3%D8%A7%DA%A9%D9%86-%DA%A9%D8%A7%D9%84%DB%8C%D9%81%D8%B1%D9%86%DB%8C%D8%A7>

²⁶ Ibid.

²⁷ <https://home.treasury.gov/news/press-releases/jl0322>

²⁸ Ibid.

²⁹ <https://iranwire.com/fa/blogs/7203/>

³⁰ Ibid.

fraudulent work reports were merely translated from documents found on the internet.³¹ This huge infusion of cash gave Hashemi the ability to develop his international conglomerate.

In 1997, Ebtekar became Head of the Department of Environment.³² During her tenure, Ebtekar encouraged the termination of "dirty" gas production and promoted the import of low-sulfur standard gasoline.³³ While Ebtekar took credit for the importation of low-sulfur foreign gasoline, by all appearances, this was simply a public relations ploy. According to the former Minister of Petroleum, Bijan Namdar Zangneh, no gasoline was actually imported.³⁴ Zangneh alleged that he was told to say that Iran imported low sulfur gasoline, which was common in Europe.^[OBJ] This apparent fraud would have benefited Ebtekar significantly and demonstrates gross malfeasance of office (i.e. corruption). As a side note, Ebtekar's oldest son, Seyed Eissa Hashemi, was employed by the Department of Environment during her term.³⁵

In addition to his involvement in the oil industry and the defense industry, Hashemi also has been active in the timber industry. In approximately 1990, he established a company called Tibet, which handled imports and exports of wood products.³⁶ Two years later, his company (now known as Arinshed) received a contract for approximately 38 million Tomans (\$5,352,112.68 USD) from the Tehran governorate to import 4,000 cubic meters of Russian wood.³⁷ After half the money was paid in advance, Hashemi only delivered 500 cubic meters of wood.³⁸ (See Annex D for official documentation and translation of the Hashemi wood scandal)

TAHGI EBTEKAR AND FATEMEH BERZERGAR (PARENTS)

In August 1979, a charity organization called Zainab Kobri Charity (ZKC) was founded on land seized by the government.³⁹ Fatemeh Barzegar, Ebtekar's mother, is the CEO of the ZKC.⁴⁰ The Board of Trustees for ZKC includes Ebtekar, Ezra Barzegar (Ebtekar's aunt), Eissa Hashemi

³¹ Ibid.

³² Ibid.

³³ Ibid.

³⁴ Ibid.

³⁵ Ibid.

³⁶ <https://iranianuk.com/20150919201739048/>

³⁷ Ibid.

³⁸ Ibid.

³⁹ <https://iranwire.com/fa/blogs/7203>

⁴⁰ <https://zeynabkf.ir/about/>

(Ebtekar's eldest son) and Mehdi Chamran (the Head of the Tehran City Council), among many others.⁴¹

In February 2017, the ZKC falsely claimed to have changed the land use and building location of the organization.⁴² As this claim was brought to the public through *Farsnews*, there were also rumors of abnormally large donations of real estate by Tehran Municipality to its employees, workers, and government employees.⁴³ Individuals identifying with *Farsnews* attempted to draw attention to the situation by protesting in front of the estate but were eventually stopped by the managers and agents of the property who secured an order from the IRGC.⁴⁴ Legally, the entire situation disappeared from the media and all reporting regarding this event ceased.⁴⁵

The year before the ZKC property scandal, in August 2016, Iranian news outlets reported on a corruption scandal regarding government-owned property within Tehran.⁴⁶ *Memari News* outlet acquired a list of 250 names and properties from documents leaked by the GIO (General Inspectorate Organization). The documents showed that over 1 million square meters of government-owned property were sold to various individuals, including municipal officials, city council members, and other government officials, at a discounted rate of up to 50 percent.⁴⁷ At this time, Mehdi Chamran was head of the City Council and a board member of ZKC. Given Mehdi Chamran's connection between the Tehran City Council and the ZKC, there are allegations that the Tehran City Council enabled the ZKC real estate scandal.⁴⁸ Consequently, it is likely that Ebtekar improperly leveraged her relationship within the city council to benefit her personal interests.

SEYED TAHA HASHEMI (SON)

In 2015, a spokesperson of the Judiciary announced an arrest warrant for Ebtekar's son, Seyed Taha Hashemi.⁴⁹ Ebtekar addressed the public with a Tweet claiming that the arrest was based

⁴¹ Ibid.

⁴² <http://www.didbaniran.ir/>-بخش سیاسی-13450/3-هجمه های تمام نشدنی مخالفان دولت به خواهر مری از دروغ پرداز ی پیرامون

⁴³ Ibid.

⁴⁴ Ibid,

⁴⁵ Ibid.

⁴⁶ <https://www.al-monitor.com/originals/2016/08/tehran-city-council-real-estate-ghalibaf-chamran.html>

⁴⁷ Ibid.

⁴⁸ Ibid.

⁴⁹ <https://www.yjc.ir/fa/news/6944515> د

on personal matters, not theft.⁵⁰ Nader Ghazipour, a political representative for the City of Urmia, issued the following statement:

The family of Masoumeh Ebtekar is using government rent money from several families. . . when the police officers went to his house with the arrest warrant of Masoumeh Ebtekar's son, Taha Hashemi, they faced obstruction by the vice president's bodyguards.⁵¹

According to Fereshtegan Financial, a now dissolved credit institution, documents from June 2019, indicated that Taha Hashemi has accumulated over 650 million tomans (153.5 million USD) in debt.⁵² Once the public gained knowledge of this, the trend "پسر ابتهکار" (#son_of_initiative) became popular on Twitter and many critical, outspoken Tweets regarding this were posted.⁵³ See Appendix D for Fereshtegan Financial documents.

In 2017, Ebtekar was appointed Vice-President for Women and Family Affairs. According to an article in 2019, Ebtekar retained personal authority over all procurements within the Vice President's office.⁵⁴ Allegedly, she issued all contracts without any form of bidding or legal procedures.⁵⁵ These media reports claim that Ebtekar's son made a 120% profit through buying and selling for the Vice President.⁵⁶

In addition to each of these claims, Taha Hashemi is well known for making friends with young professionals and convincing them and their families to agree to projects with no written contracts or legal outline.⁵⁷ While using Ebtekar's positional power and government financial accounts for confidence purposes, unofficial business deals are made through Taha Hashemi with guaranteed support of his mother, the Vice President of Women and Family Affairs.⁵⁸ Taha

⁵⁰<https://www.tasnimnews.com/fa/news/1395/11/05/1305992/%D9%88%D8%A7%DA%A9%D9%86%D8%B4-%D8%AA%D9%88%DB%8C%DB%8C%D8%AA%D8%B1%DB%8C-%D8%A7%D8%A8%D8%AA%DA%A9%D8%A7%D8%B1-%D8%A8%D9%87-%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%B1-%D8%AD%DA%A9%D9%85-%D8%AC%D9%84%D8%A8-%D9%81%D8%B1%D8%B2%D9%86%D8%AF%D8%B4>

⁵¹ <https://www.yjc.ir/fa/news/6944515>

⁵² Ibid.

⁵³ Ibid.

⁵⁴ <https://iranianuk.com/20190829110351027/خواهر-مری-در-راه-دادگاه-پرونده-فساد-مالی-معصومه-ابتهکار-روانه-قوه-قضائیه-شد>

⁵⁵ <https://iranianuk.com/20190829110351027/خواهر-مری-در-راه-دادگاه-پرونده-فساد-مالی-معصومه-ابتهکار-روانه-قوه-قضائیه-شد>

⁵⁶ Ibid.

⁵⁷ <https://www.mehrnews.com/news/3879520/ماجرای-شراکت-میلیاردی-سرمایه-گذاران-جوان-با-آغاز-اده-ابتهکار>

⁵⁸ Ibid.

Hashemi stages these projects as low-risk investments to then leave those investors without property or return investment money.⁵⁹

SEYED EISSA HASHEMI (SON)

Eissa Hashemi received a B.S. in agricultural economics in 2004 and a M.S. in agricultural economics in 2006 from the University of Tehran.⁶⁰ In 2014, he reportedly received a PhD in clinical psychology from Sofia University in Costa Mesa, CA.⁶¹ Additionally, from 2015-2019, Eissa Hashemi received a PhD in organizational leadership from the Chicago School of Professional Psychology (its Los Angeles branch).⁶²

The Radiance of Hope Counseling Center’s president Dr. Shadee Toomari is a licensed clinical psychologist with a B.A. in psychology and a M.A. in marriage and family therapy from Tehran University and a PhD in clinical psychology from Ryokan College in Los Angeles, CA (the “University” no longer exists and was never accredited)⁶³ Prior to her career in the U.S., Dr. Toomari was a case manager at the Ministry of Culture & Higher Education in Iran).⁶⁴

As a side note, Eissa worked at TOSAN Bank from April 2012 to November 2014 as a Human Resource consultant.⁶⁵ TOSAN Bank is a subsidiary of TOSAN Group, which also owns TOSAN Intelligent Data Miners Co.⁶⁶ Eissa’s spouse, Maryam Tahmasebi, also worked at TOSAN as did several of their U.S.-related friends.⁶⁷

3. Significance

As Iran’s media is heavily censored, anything particularly damning concerning Ebtekar is not accessible to the public as it could also damage the regime. Aside from independent journalism, this information would be shared via word of mouth. A portion of the general Iranian public hears these rumors of Ebtekar’s unconventional involvement, and they are aware of her husband’s past malfeasances.

⁵⁹ Ibid.

⁶⁰ <https://www.linkedin.com/in/eissa-hashemi/details/education/>

⁶¹ Ibid.

⁶² Ibid.

⁶³ <https://rohcc.org/about-us> (Ryokan College was never accredited and has since gone into bankruptcy)

⁶⁴ <https://rohcc.org/about-us>

⁶⁵ <https://www.linkedin.com/in/eissa-hashemi/details/experience/>

⁶⁶ <https://www.tidm.ir/about-us-company/>

⁶⁷ <https://www.signalhire.com/profiles/maryam-tahmasebi%27s-email/187865761>

Ebtekar has been an outspoken, yet ultimately ineffective activist for the rights of women and children. These findings would contrast with how someone in Ebtekar’s public profession should behave. In general, despite the lack of concrete information, her public persona is being perceived as increasingly negative as her work as an “activist” fades from the limelight.

II. Methodology

1. Sources Utilized

Over the last 15 years, we have been working across the Shia Crescent. Our methodology for data collection in this space includes open-source information, published and unpublished. Published sources are included in the endnotes; for unpublished information, such as property records, photographs, government records, etc., we employ colleagues on the ground with whom we have worked for several years. We also employ standard corruption investigative techniques. This includes an array of databases that compile information on end-user licenses, international property ownership, business ownership, beneficial ownerships, and networks. After completion of our draft open-source report, we work with our local colleagues to expand information on family, businesses and business partners, as well as any “holes” in the research. This iterative process is repeated multiple times until the report is completed.

III. Appendix

Appendix A. Ebtekar's Professional History

POSITION TITLE	YEARS HELD
Professor at Tarbiat Modares University's Immunology Department	1990-present
Vice President of Iran Women and Family Affairs	2017-2019
President of the 12th International Congress of Immunology	2013
Member of the Tehran City Council	2007-2013
Head of Department of Environment	1997-2005
Co-founder of the Institute for Women's Studies and Research	1991
Editor-in-chief of Kayhan International newspaper	1981-1983

Appendix B. Family Members

NAME	RELATION	OCCUPATION & PROFESSIONAL AFFILIATION	RESIDENCY
Seyyed Mohammad Hashemi ⁶⁸	Husband	Iranian businessman	Tehran, Iran ⁶⁹
Seyyed/Seyedeisa Eissa (Isa) Hashemi ⁷⁰	Son	Adjunct Assistant Professor at The Chicago School of Professional Psychology ⁷¹	Likely Chicago, IL, formally Los Angeles, CA ⁷²
Seyyed Taha Hashemi ⁷³	Son	UNK	Tehran, Iran ⁷⁴
Taghi Ebtekar ⁷⁵	Father	UNK	Tehran, Iran
Fatemeh Barzegar ⁷⁶	Mother	UNK	Tehran, Iran
Ezra Barzegar ⁷⁷	Aunt	UNK	UNK
Maryam Tahmasebi	Daughter-in-law	Part-time Adjunct Professor of Psychology at Los Angeles Pierce College ⁷⁸	Likely Los Angeles, CA or Chicago, IL ⁷⁹

⁶⁸ <https://biographymask.com/masoumeh-ebtekar/>

⁶⁹ <https://peoplepill.com/people/mohammad-hashemi>

⁷⁰ <https://www.rferl.org/a/son-of-iranian-hostage-takers-schooled-by-great-satan/27300298.html>

⁷¹ <https://www.linkedin.com/in/eissa-hashemi/>

⁷² <https://www.truepeoplesearch.com/details?name=Seyed%20Hashimi%20Eisa&rid=0x0>

⁷³ <https://biographymask.com/masoumeh-ebtekar/>

⁷⁴ <https://iranwire.com/fa/blogs/7203>

⁷⁵ <https://iranwire.com/en/special-features/61582>

⁷⁶ <https://biographymask.com/masoumeh-ebtekar/>

⁷⁷ <https://iranwire.com/fa/blogs/7203>

⁷⁸ https://www.linkedin.com/in/maryam-tahmasebi-1556a243/?original_referer=

⁷⁹ Ibid

Appendix C. Documentation of The Hashemi Wood Scandal

تاریخ ۱۱ / ۸ / ۷۲
شماره ۳۱
پیوست دوم غیر

بسمه تعالی

استاندارداری تهران

برادر ریاست محترم
سلام علیکم

احتراما عطف به نامه شماره ۴۱۶۹-۱/خ/۴۰۳ مورخ ۲۲/۷/۷۲ در رابطه با عملکرد و سوابق آقای محمد هاشمی رئیس هیئت مدیره آراین شید، به استحضار می‌رساند، در تاریخ ۲۱/۷/۷۲ قراردادی مبنی بر خرید ۴۰۰۰ متر مکعب چوب روسی به قرار متر مکعبی ۹۵۰۰۰ ریال بین شرکت آراین شید و سازمان همیاری منعقد گردید که می‌بایستی ۸۵ روز پس از امضا، قرارداد این چوبها، تحویل سازمان می‌گردید که متأسفانه شرکت فوق و آقای هاشمی بعنوان رئیس هیئت مدیره آن شرکت تا کنون نسبت به تعهدات خود عمل نکرده‌اند، به نوعی که پس از گذشت چندین ماه از موعد قرارداد فسی ما بین سازمان همیاری و شرکت آراین شید، شرکت نتوانسته است به تعهدات خود عمل نماید، در این خصوص نیز مبلغ ۱۸۰/۰۰۰/۰۰۰ ریال از سازمان اخذ نموده و فقط از ۴۰۰۰ متر مکعب چوب درخواستی مقدار ۵۰۰ متر مکعب چوب آنهم نه در استانداردهای خواسته شده را به این سازمان تحویل داده‌اند، که این چوبها نیز به صورت فله‌ای و در ابعاد مختلف می‌باشد که به کار شهرداریها نمی‌خورد. لذا در این مورد هنوز سازمان نتیجه مثبتی دریافت نکرده و موضوع در دست پیگیری است.

در مورد سوابق قبلی آقای محمد هاشمی بایستی ذکر نمود بر طبق اظهار نظر مدیر عامل سابق سازمان ایشان در بوده و ظاهراً سمت ایشان در بررسی گردد. مراتب جهت اطلاع به حضورتان ایفاد می‌گردد.

سازمان همیاری شهرداریهای استان تهران

(۴)

Appendix D. Documentation Regarding Taha Hashemi's Dept to the Fereshtagn Financial Institution

